



Model-Based Test and Evaluation INCOSE IW 2019

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Why another model-based "thing"?

- Test and Evaluation (T&E) is in SE's purview
 - Largely a "document"-based effort
- Rigorous and precise
 - Integrated with the system model
 - Consistent vocabulary
 - Semantically precise definitions
 - Maintenance and reuse of information (i.e. Don't Repeat Yourself (DRY) principle)
- Transparent and Analyzable
 - Resource scheduling and procurement conflicts
 - Design "gotchas"
 - Impact analysis
- Resilient
 - Personnel change
- Front-end SE dividends finally pay off!

Some factors to consider when planning and conducting a test

- Why is the test being conducted? How do we know if the test is successful?
- What requirements are being verified?
- **How** do we arbitrate the test, i.e. how do we render a verdict? **What** are the verification criteria?
- What WBS id(s) or assemblies/subassemblies/components is/are being tested?
- What test equipment are required? When is it available? Where is it coming from? How will it be acquired?
- What test support items (emulators) are required to aid in the "realism" of the test?
- When and where will the test be conducted?
- Who are the test personnel executing/assisting in the test?
- How will the test be conducted? What are the test cases? What are the procedures?
 What are the pre/post conditions, constraints, hazards, etc.? What are the valid test conditions?
- What data was to stimulate the test, what data was recorded, and what was the resultant?

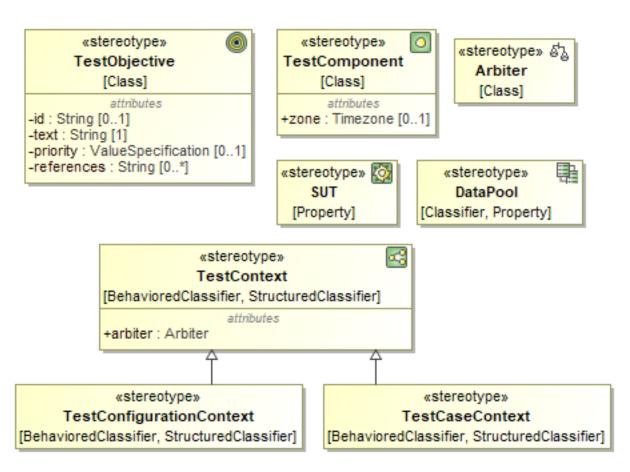
In other words, the **who**, **what**, **when**, **where**, **why**, and **how** of a test?

Conceptualizing the problem

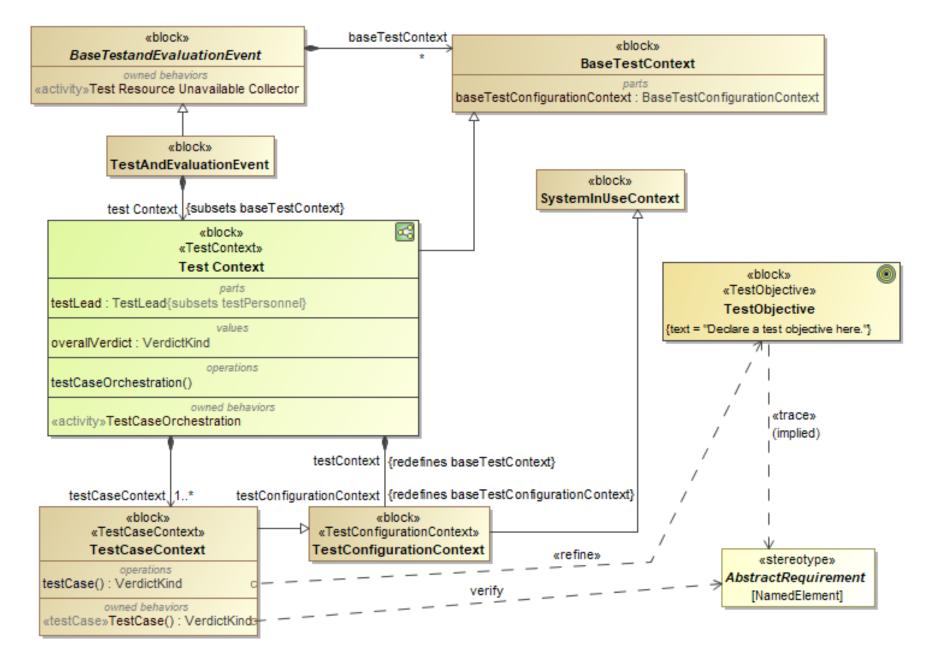
- Considerations fall into four bins/aspects:
 - Configuration what was the setup of the test (<u>interfaces</u>) and what resources are required?
 - Arbitration what can we learn from the test?
 - Data what data was used to drive the test, what was measured and recorded, and what was the resultant?
 - Procedure how was the test performed?
- The elements comprising the four bins form the basis of a test architecture
- Execution and evaluation of the test would be an instance of the test architecture

Attacking the problem

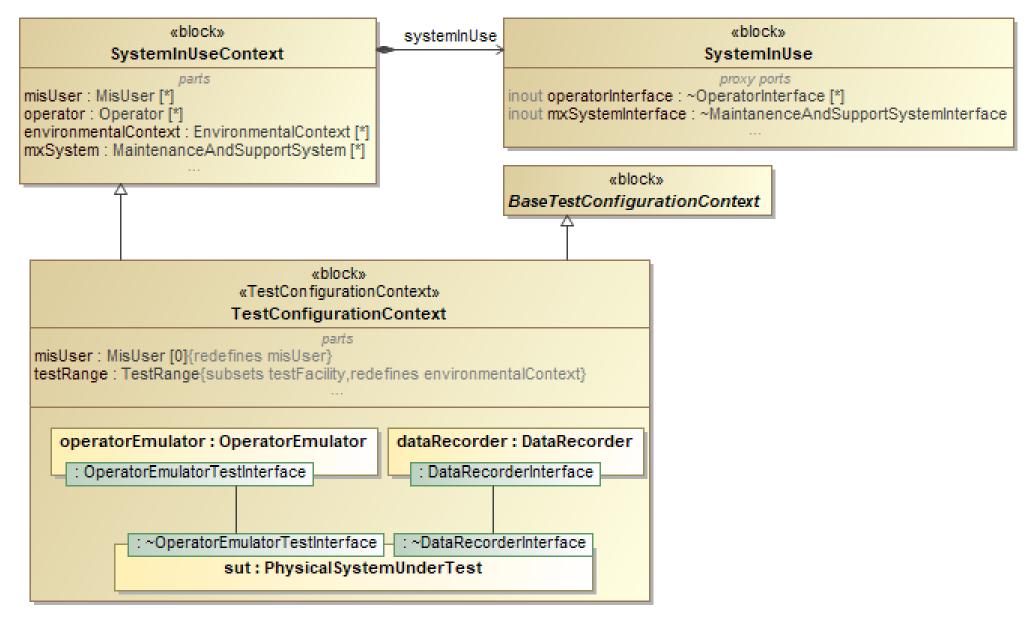
- Extends the approach described in "Model-Driven Testing: Using the UML Testing Profile" by Baker, et. al.
 - Developed for software but can be extended to systems and large scale T&E
- Formal description uses SysML as the foundation language in combination with concepts used directly and extended from the UML Testing Profile (UTP)



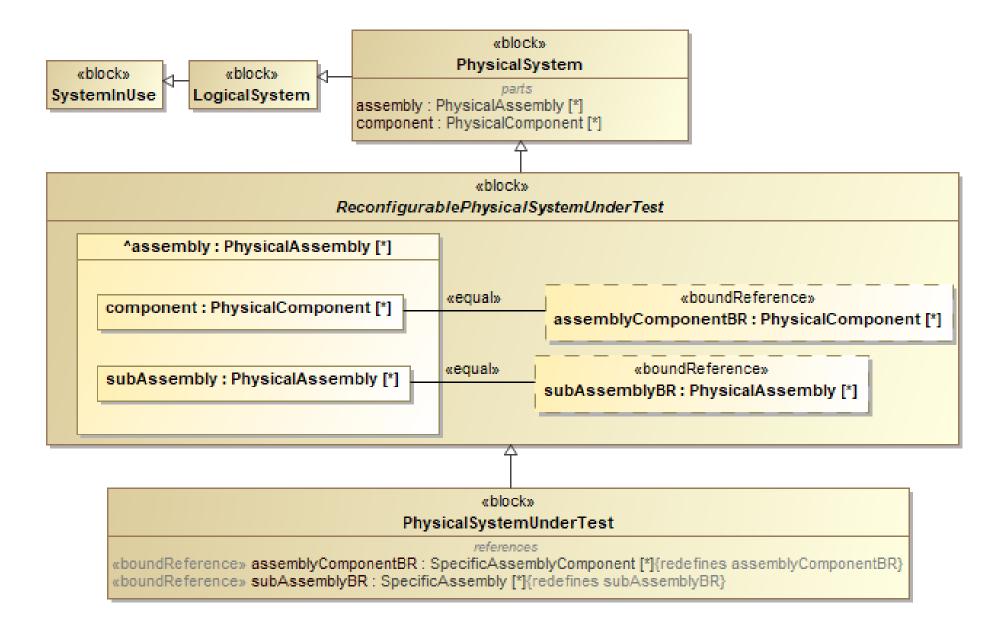
Test Architecture



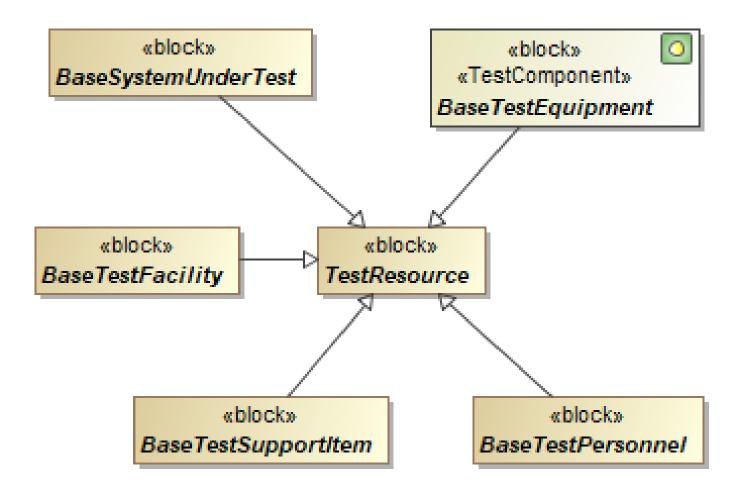
Test Configuration



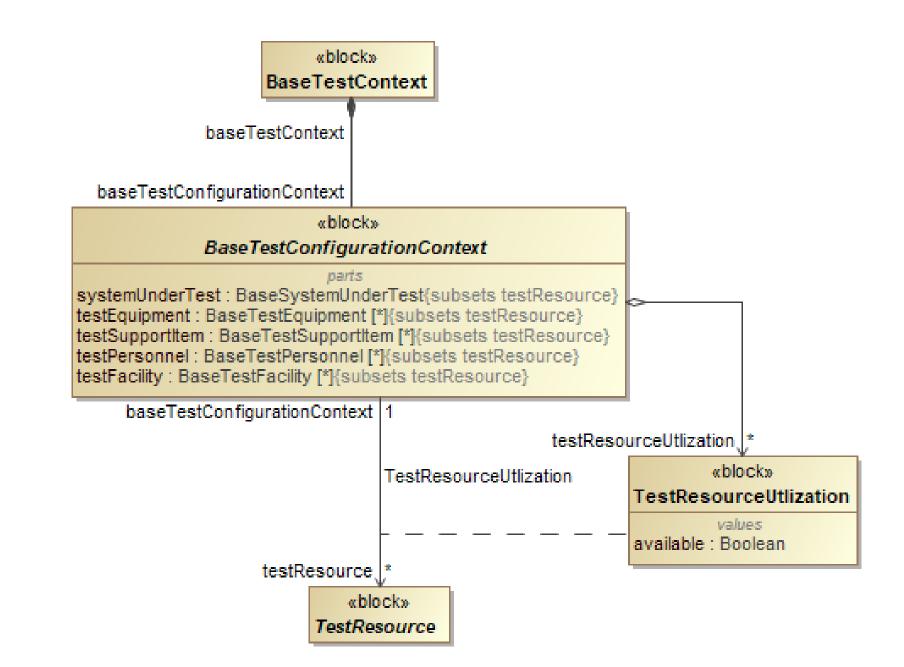
Reconfigurable System Under Test



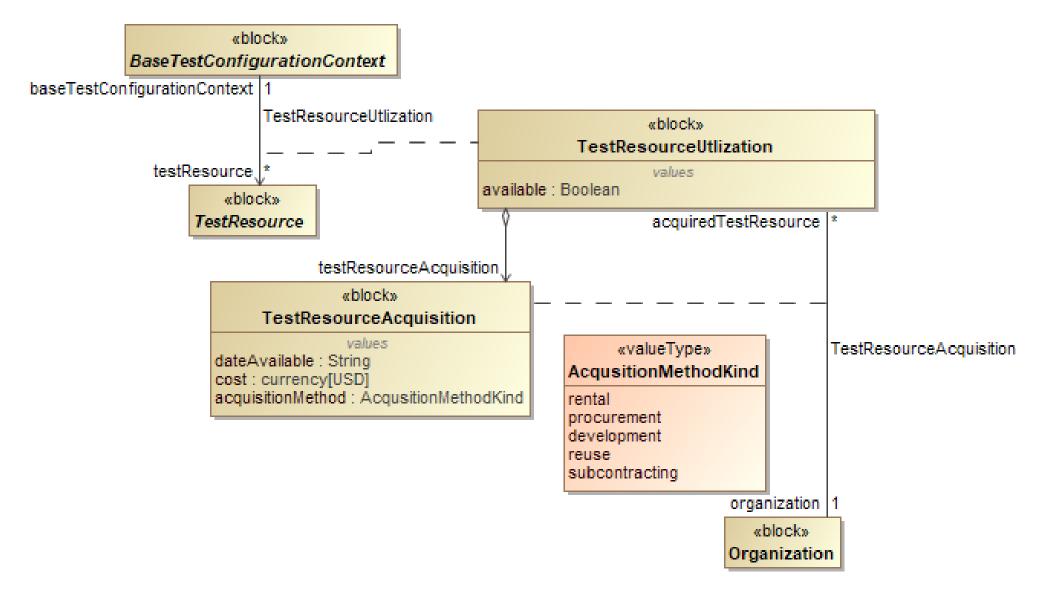
Test Resources



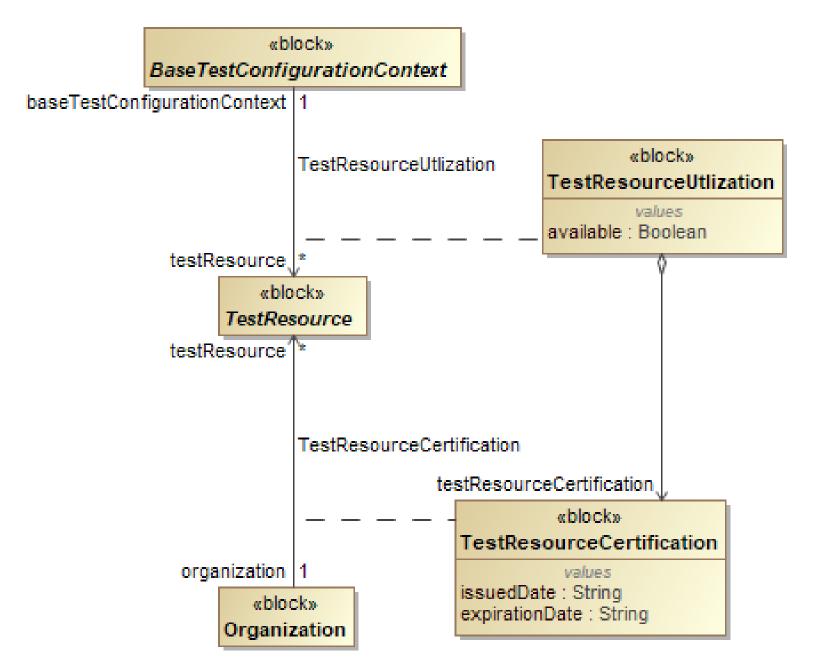
Test Resource Utilization



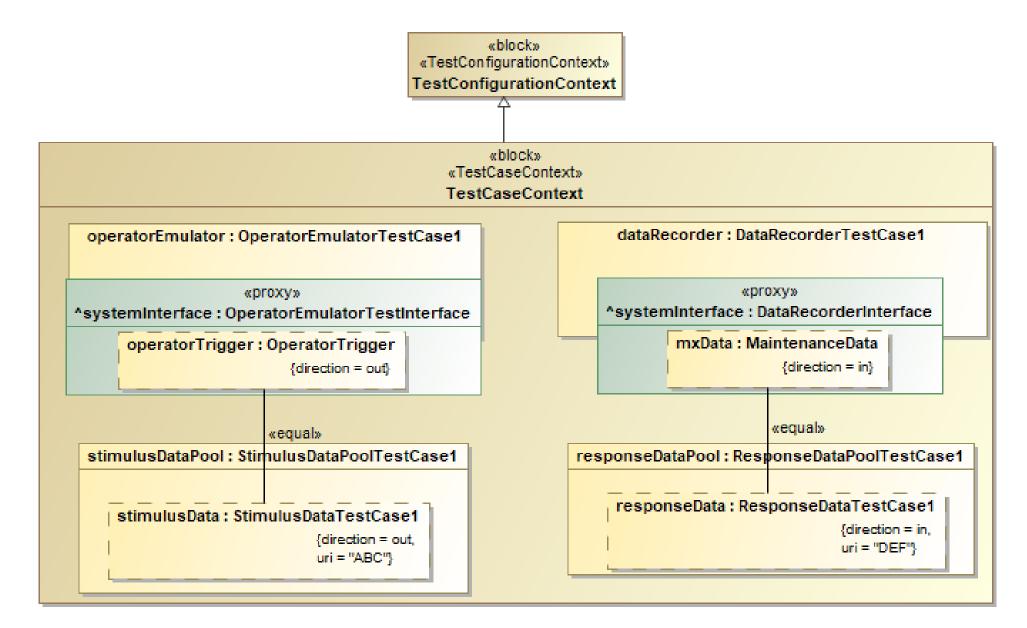
Resource Acquisition



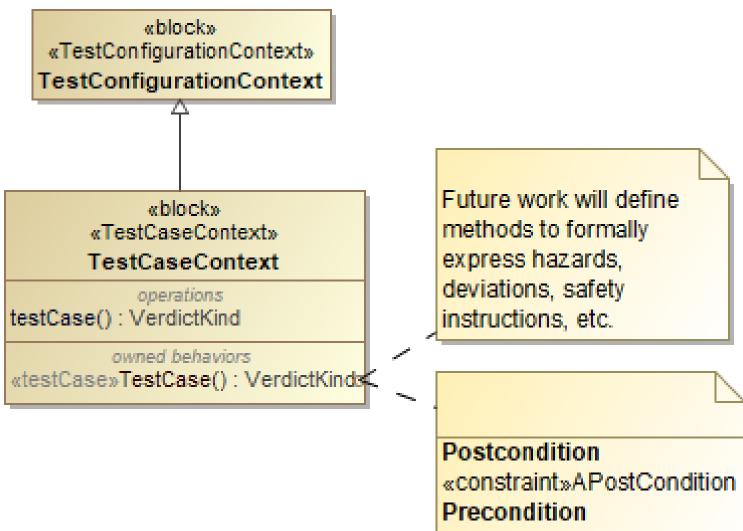
Resource Certification



Binding Data to Test Interfaces

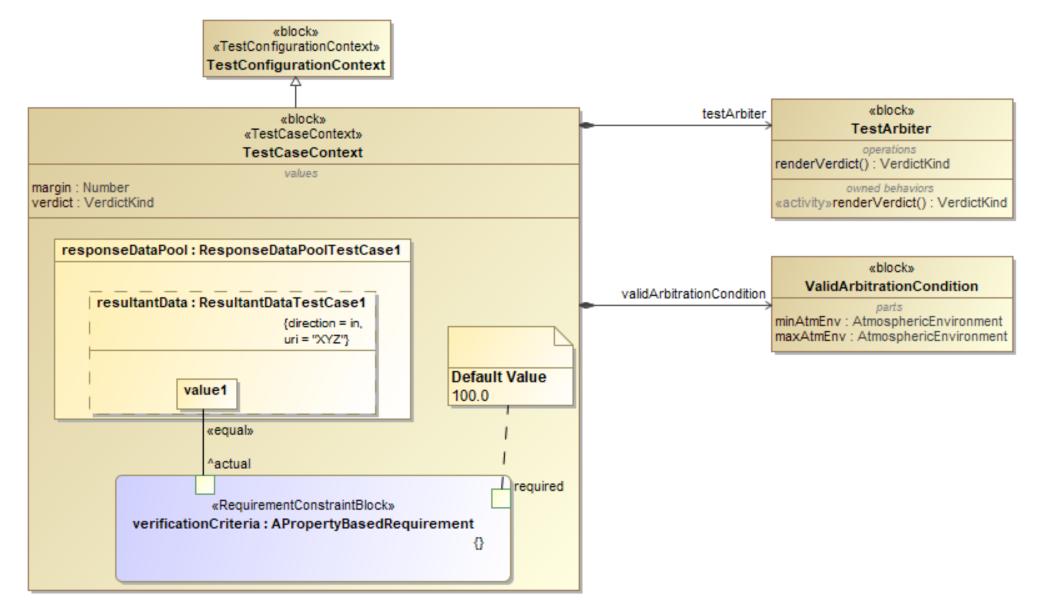


Test Procedure



«constraint»APreCondition

Test Case Arbitration



Summary and Future Work

- Test architecture description addresses T&E considerations in all four conceptual aspects
- Baker's UTP approach extended beyond strictly software testing to systems test and evaluation
 - Reconfigurable SUT through bound references
 - Additional test resource definitions
 - Resource utilization, acquisition, and certification through association blocks and helper activities
 - Data bound to test interfaces via binding connectors
 - Use of embedded requirements such as requirement constraint blocks
- Future Work:
 - Possible explosion of SUT configurations representing integration steps
 - Need better "helper" mechanisms to manage configurations
 - Define methods to formally express test procedure hazards, deviations, safety instructions, etc.

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