

# ISO/IEC 9075-2:2016 Database languages — SQL — Part 2: Foundation (SQL/Foundation)

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Table 1: Data sheet for Database languages — SQL — Part 2: Foundation (SQL/Foundation)

Title	Database languages — SQL — Part 2: Foundation
Acronym	SQL/Foundation
Version	2016
Document Number	ISO/IEC 9075-2:2016
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Reference	<a href="https://www.iso.org/obp/ui/#iso:std:iso-iec:9075:-2:ed-5:v1:en">https://www.iso.org/obp/ui/#iso:std:iso-iec:9075:-2:ed-5:v1:en</a>

**Note:** The following is an excerpt from the official ISO catalog. It is provided here as a convenience and is not authoritative. Refer to the original document as the authoritative reference.

## Scope

*This part of ISO/IEC 9075 defines the data structures and basic operations on SQL-data. It provides functional capabilities for creating, accessing, maintaining, controlling, and protecting SQL-data.*

*This part of ISO/IEC 9075 specifies the syntax and semantics of a database language:*

- *For specifying and modifying the structure and the integrity constraints of SQL-data.*
- *For declaring and invoking operations on SQL-data and cursors.*
- *For declaring database language procedures.*
- *For embedding SQL-statements in a compilation unit that is otherwise written in a particular programming language (host language).*
- *For deriving an equivalent compilation unit in the host language. In that equivalent compilation unit, each embedded SQL-statement has been replaced by one or more statements in the host language, some of which invoke an SQL externally-invoked procedure that, when executed, has an effect equivalent to executing the SQL-statement.*
- *For direct invocation of SQL-statements.*
- *To support dynamic preparation and execution of SQL-statements.*

*This part of ISO/IEC 9075 provides a vehicle for portability of data definitions and compilation units between SQL-implementations.*

*This part of ISO/IEC 9075 provides a vehicle for interconnection of SQL-implementations.*

*Implementations of this part of ISO/IEC 9075 can exist in environments that also support application programming languages, end-user query languages, report generator systems, data dictionary systems, program library systems, and distributed communication systems, as well as various tools for database design, data administration, and performance optimization.*

## See Also

- [ISO/IEC 9075-01:2016 Database languages — SQL — Part 1: Framework \(SQL/Framework\)](#)
- [dblang\\_sql\\_part\\_3](#)
- [ISO/IEC 9075-04:2016 Database languages — SQL — Part 4: Persistent stored modules \(SQL/PSM\)](#)
- [ISO/IEC 9075-09:2016 Database languages — SQL — Part 9: Management of External Data \(SQL/MED\)](#)
- [ISO/IEC 9075-10:2016 Database languages — SQL — Part 10: Object language bindings \(SQL/OLB\)](#)
- [ISO/IEC 9075-11:2016 Database languages — SQL — Part 11: Information and definition schemas \(SQL/Schemata\)](#)
- [ISO/IEC 9075-13:2016 Database languages — SQL — Part 13: SQL Routines and types using the Java TM programming language \(SQL/JRT\)](#)
- [ISO/IEC 9075-14:2016 Database languages — SQL — Part 14: XML-Related Specifications \(SQL/XML\)](#)

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